Health Concern: Maternal & Child Health

EXTENT OF PROBLEM

Rate of infant deaths in first year: 7.1 per 1,000 live births

(compared to 6.1 MT, 6.7 US) Healthy People 2020 Target: 6.0

Percentage of births resulting in low birth weight baby: 8.8% (compared to 7.3% MT, 8.2% US)

Mothers who smoked during pregnancy: 19.1% (compared to 18.3% MT, 11.2% US)

Mothers entering prenatal care in first trimester:88.3% (compared to 83.9% MT, 81.2% US)

Percentage of new mothers breastfeeding at the time of hospital discharge: 85% (compared to 76% MT)

High school students using condom during last sexual intercourse: 28.9% (compared to 62.4% MT)

Children age 2 who have received all age-appropriate vaccines: 70.8% (compared to 59.6% MT, 68.5% US)

POTENTIAL GOAL(S)

Improve the health and well-being of women, infants, and children

Improve pregnancy planning and spacing, and prevent unintended pregnancy

RISK FACTORS

Pregnancy can provide an opportunity to identify existing health risks in women and to prevent future health problems for women and their children. These health risks may include:

Hypertension and heart disease

POTENTIAL OBJECTIVE(S)

Reduce the rate of infants who die in the first year from

- birth defects
- Sudden Infant Death Syndrome

Reduce the percentage of births that result in a birth weight less than 5 lb 8 oz

Diabetes
Depression
Genetic conditions
Sexually transmitted diseases (STDs)
Tobacco use and alcohol abuse
Inadequate nutrition
Unhealthy weight

The risk of maternal and infant mortality and pregnancyrelated complications can be reduced by increasing access to quality care before and between pregnancies.

Healthy birth outcomes and early identification and treatment of health conditions among infants can prevent death or disability (HealthyPeople.gov).

Age and poverty are risk factors for non-optimal pregnancy outcomes. (HealthyPeople)

Reduce the percentage of births that occur before 37 weeks gestation

Reduce the percentage of women who smoke during pregnancy

By 2014, increase the percentage of sexually active people aged 15 to 19 years who report they used condoms during last sexual intercourse

Achieve and maintain 90% vaccination coverage levels for universally recommended vaccines among children 19-35 months of age

COMMUNITY PARTNERS & RESOURCES

Lewis and Clark City-County Health Dept.

POTENTIAL INTERVENTION STRATEGIES

Provide pregnancy-tailored counseling for those who smoke. http://www.thecommunityguide.org/tobacco/cessation/index.html

Reduce the financial barriers that may keep people from using cessation therapies such as nicotine replacement, other pharmacologic therapies, or behavioral therapies such as cessation groups

http://www.thecommunityguide.org/tobacco/cessation/outofpocketcosts.html

Promote and support breastfeeding through education and counseling, during pregnancy and after birth

http://www.cdc.gov/breastfeeding/resources/guide.htm

Support community-wide campaign to promote the use of folic acid supplements to

prevent birth defects
http://www.thecommunityguide.org/birthdefects/RRcommunity.html

Group-based comprehensive risk reduction interventions delivered to adolescents to promote behaviors that prevent or reduce the risk of pregnancy, HIV, and other sexually transmitted infections.

http://www.thecommunityguide.org/hiv/riskreduction.html

Expand participation in WIC (Women, Infant, Children) nutrition program. http://www.fns.usda.gov/ora/MENU/Published/WIC/FILES/WICMedicaidLitRevSum.pdf

Expand participation in home visiting programs that offer parenting support and education.

http://www.thecommunityguide.org/vaccines/universally/homevisits.html